AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 13, 2000 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 26, 2000

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-1999-2000 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2284

Introduced by Assembly Member Dutra

February 24, 2000

An act to amend Section Sections 10229, 10232.2, 10232.25, and 10232.5 of the Business and Professions Code, to amend Sections 2924g, 2924j, 2941, and 2943 of the Civil Code, and to amend Section 17320 of the Financial Code, relating to mortgages real estate.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2284, as amended, Dutra. Mortgages: reconveyances escrow companies.

(1) The Real Estate Law requires a real estate broker to file certain information with the Real Estate Commissioner relative to the conducting of a transaction that involves the sale of or offer to sell a series of notes secured directly by an interest in real property, or the sale of undivided interests in a note secured directly by real property equivalent to a series transaction, otherwise known as multilender transactions, as specified. Existing law provides that a violation of the Real Estate Law is a crime.

This bill would expand the nature of the information that is required to be filed with the commissioner in this regard. Because a violation of the bill's requirements would be a

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crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program by expanding the definition of a crime.

(2) The Real Estate Law requires a real estate broker engaging in certain mortgage-related activities to report certain information to the Department of Real Estate, and authorizes the department to conduct a trust fund examination of a broker who fails to submit the required information. The department may charge a broker an amount equal to 1.5 times the cost of the examination and other related activities.

This bill would authorize the commissioner to suspend or revoke a broker's license, or deny renewal of a broker's license, if the broker fails to pay the amount charged for this purpose, as specified. This bill would enact other related provisions.

(3) Existing law provides for the use of a mortgage or a deed of trust as security in a transfer of real property, provides for a power of sale upon a breach of the obligation that a mortgage or a deed of trust secures, and establishes certain procedures that a mortgagee or trustee must follow when exercising a power of sale, including the mailing, publication, and delivery of notices. Existing law provides that a sale of property pursuant to a power of sale under a mortgage or deed of trust may be postponed and establishes procedures for giving notice of the postponement and setting a new date of sale, among other things. Existing law also provides that, after specified postponements, a sale described above shall be conducted no sooner than 7 days after the earlier of specified events.

This bill would provide that notwithstanding the above, the sale shall be conducted no sooner than the expiration of a specified stay.

(4) Existing law requires that, except as provided, notices be sent to certain parties following a trustee's sale of property under a deed of trust if proceeds remain after specified payments.

This bill would revise these provisions to establish that sending the notices by first-class mail, rather than by registered or certified mail, satisfies the requirements described above.

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(5) Existing law provides that when an obligation secured by a deed of trust has been satisfied, the beneficiary, or its assignee, is required to execute and deliver to the trustee the original note and deed of trust and request a reconveyance. The trustee is then required to execute and record the full reconveyance, except as provided, and deliver the note and deed of trust to the person making the request. Existing law further provides that the trustee, beneficiary, or mortgagee may charge a reasonable fee for all services involved in the recordation ofpreparation, execution. and the reconveyance.

This bill would require that a fee charged by the trustee, beneficiary, or mortgagee for services connected with the full reconveyance be held in escrow until the reconveyance has been executed and recorded.

(6) Existing law allows certain parties to a mortgage or deed of trust to request beneficiary statements or payoff demand statements, as defined, that contain specified information.

This bill would provide that preparation and delivery of a beneficiary statement or a payoff demand statement does not change the date of sale established pursuant to a power of sale contained in a deed of trust or mortgage, as specified.

(7) The Escrow Law generally provides for regulation of escrow agents by the Department of Corporations. Existing law provides for creation of the Fidelity Corporation as a nonprofit mutual benefit corporation to indemnify escrow agents that are members of the corporation against loss, as specified. The expenses of the corporation are paid from various funds, in which are deposited fees and assessments collected from members.

This bill would provide for refunds of a member's membership fee under certain circumstances and within a specified timeframe.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

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Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 10229 of the Business Professions Code is amended to read:

10229. Any transaction that involves the sale of or offer to sell a series of notes secured directly by an interest in the same real property, or the sale of undivided interests in a note secured directly by real property equivalent to a series transaction, shall comply with all of the following, except as provided in paragraph (4) of subdivision (i), the terms "sale" and "offer to sell," as used 10 in this section, shall have the same meaning as set forth in Section 25017 of the Corporations Code and include the acts of negotiating and arranging the transaction:

(a) A notice in the following form and containing the following information shall filed be commissioner within 30 days after the first transaction and within 30 days of any material change in the information required in the notice:

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TO: Real Estate Commissioner

Mortgage Loan Section 2201 Broadway

Sacramento, CA 95818

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This notice is filed pursuant to Section 10229 of the Business and Professions Code.

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- () Original Notice
- () Amended Notice

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1. Name of Broker conducting transaction under Section 10229:

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1 2	2.	Broker license identification number:
2 3 4 5	3.	List the month the fiscal year ends:
4 5 6	4.	Broker's telephone number:
7	2.	
8	5.	Firm name (if different from "1"):
9 10		
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12	3.	
13 14	6.	Street address (main location):
15		
16		# and Street City State ZIP Code
17 18	4.	
19	7.	Mailing address (if different from "3" "6"):
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1	5.	
2	8.	Servicing Agent: Identify by name, address, and telephone
3 4		number the person or persons entity who will act as the
5		servicing agent in transactions pursuant to Section 10229
6		(including the undersigned Broker if that is the case):
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11	9.	Total number of multilender notes arranged:
12 13	10	Tetal words or of interests and to investors on the
14	10.	Total number of interests sold to investors on the multilender's notes:
15		mutitienaer's notes.
16	6.	
17		Inspection of trust account (before answering this question,
18	11.	review the provisions of paragraph (3) of subdivision (j) of
19		Section 10229).
20		500101 10 22 5)1
21	СН	ECK ONLY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
22		
23	()	The undersigned Broker is (or expects to be) required to file
24		reports of inspection of its trust account(s) with the Real Estate
25		Commissioner pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (j) of
26		Section 10229.
27		
28	Am	ount of Multilender Payments Collected Last Fiscal
29	Que	arter:
30		
31	Tot	al number of Investors due Payments Last Fiscal Quarter:
32		
33	()	The undersigned Broker is NOT (or does NOT expect to be)
34		required to file reports of inspection of its trust account(s) with
35		the Real Estate Commissioner pursuant to paragraph (3) of
36		subdivision (j) of Section 10229.
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12. Signature. The contents of this notice are true and correct.

Date

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Signature of Broker or of Designated Officer of Corporate Broker

Type Name of Broker

Type Name of Person(s) Signing This Notice

NOTE: AN AMENDED NOTICE MUST BE FILED BY THE BROKER WITHIN 30 DAYS OF ANY MATERIAL CHANGE IN THE INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE SET FORTH HEREIN.

- (b) All advertising employed for transactions under this section shall (1) show the name of the broker and (2) comply with Section 10235 of the Business and Professions Code and Sections 260.302 and 2848 of Title 10 of the California Code of Regulations. Brokers and their agents are cautioned that a reference to a prospective investor that a transaction is conducted under this section may be deemed misleading or deceptive if this representation may reasonably be construed by the investor as an implication of merit or approval of the transaction.
- (c) The real property directly securing the notes or interests is located in this state, the note or notes are not their subject subordination by terms to to any of subsequently created deed trust upon the property, and the note or notes are not promotional notes secured by liens on separate parcels of real property in or in contiguous subdivisions. subdivision purposes of this subdivision, a promotional note means a promissory note secured by a trust deed, executed on unimproved real property or executed after construction

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of an improvement of the property but before the first purchase of the property as so improved, or executed as a means of financing the first purchase of the property as so improved, that is subordinate, or by its terms may become subordinate, to any other trust deed on the property. However, the term "promotional note" does not include either of the following:

- (1) A note that was executed in excess of three years prior to being offered for sale.
- (2) A note secured by a first trust deed on real 11 property in a subdivision that evidences a bona fide loan 12 made in connection with the financing of the usual cost 13 of the development in a residential, commercial, or 14 industrial building or buildings on the property under a written agreement providing for the disbursement of the 16 loan funds as costs are incurred or in relation to the progress of the work and providing for title insurance 18 ensuring the priority of the security as against mechanic's 19 and materialmen's liens or for the final disbursement of at least 10 percent of the loan funds after the expiration the period for the filing of mechanic's 21 of materialmen's liens.
- (d) (1) The notes or interests are sold by or through 24 a real estate broker, as principal or agent. At the time the 25 interests are originally sold or assigned, neither the broker nor an affiliate of the broker shall have an interest as owner, lessor, or developer of the property securing 28 the loan, or any contractual right to acquire, lease, or develop the property securing the loan. This provision 30 does not prohibit a broker from conducting the following 31 transactions if, in either case, the disclosure statement 32 furnished by the broker pursuant to subdivision (k) discloses the interest of the broker or affiliate in the 34 transaction and the circumstances under which broker or affiliate acquired the interest:
- (A) A transaction in which the broker or an affiliate of 37 the broker is acquiring the property pursuant to a foreclosure under, or sale pursuant to, a deed of trust securing a note for which the broker is the servicing agent or that the broker sold to the holder or holders.

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(B) A transaction in which the broker or an affiliate of the broker is reselling from inventory property acquired by the broker pursuant to a foreclosure under, or sale pursuant to, a deed of trust securing a note for which the broker is the servicing agent or that the broker sold to the holder or holders.

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- (2) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions apply:
- (A) "Broker" means a person licensed as a broker 10 under this part.
 - (B) "Affiliate" means person controlled by, a controlling, or under common control with, the broker.
 - (e) (1) The notes or interests shall not be sold to more than 10 persons, each of whom meets one or both of the qualifications of income or net worth set forth below and signs a statement, which shall be retained by the broker for four years, conforming to the following:

19	Transaction Identifier:
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21	Name of Purchaser: Date:
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23	Check either one of the following, if true:
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25	() My investment in the transaction does not exceed 10% of m
26	net worth, exclusive of home, furnishings, and automobiles.
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28	() My investment in the transaction does not exceed 10% of m
29	adjusted gross income for federal income tax purposes for m
30	last tax year or, in the alternative, as estimated for the curren
31	year.
32	
33	Signature

- (2) The number of offerees shall not be considered for the purposes of this section.
- (3) A husband and wife and their dependents, and an individual and his or her dependents, shall be counted as one person.

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- plan, (4) A retirement trust, business corporation, or other entity that is wholly owned by an 3 individual and the individual's spouse or the individual's 4 dependents, or any combination thereof, shall not be separately from the individual, 6 investments of these entities shall be aggregated with those of the individual for the purposes of the statement required by paragraph (1). If the investments of any entities are required to be aggregated under 10 subdivision, the adjusted gross income or net worth of these entities may also be aggregated with the net worth, 12 income, or both, of the individual.
- investors" (5) The "institutional enumerated 14 subdivision (i) of Section 25102 or subdivision (c) of Section 25104 of the Corporations Code, or in a rule 16 adopted pursuant thereto, shall not be counted.
- (f) The notes or interests of the purchasers shall be 18 identical in their underlying terms, including the right to direct or require foreclosure, rights to and rate of interest, and other incidents of being a lender, and the sale to each 21 purchaser pursuant to this section shall be upon the same 22 terms, subject to adjustment for the face or principal 23 amount or percentage interest purchased and for interest 24 earned or accrued. This subdivision does not preclude 25 different selling prices for interests to the extent that 26 these differences are reasonably related to changes in the market value of the loan occurring between the sales of these interests. The interest of each purchaser shall be
- (g) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), 31 aggregate principal amount of the notes or interests sold, 32 together with the unpaid principal amount of 33 encumbrances upon the real property senior thereto, 34 shall not exceed the following percentages of the current 35 market value of the real property, as determined in 36 writing by the broker or appraiser pursuant to Section 10232.6, plus the amount for which the payment of principal and interest in excess of the percentage of current market value is insured for the benefit of the

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holders of the notes or interests by an insurer admitted to do business in this state by the Insurance Commissioner:

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3 4 (A) Single–family residence, owner occupied 80% 5 (B) Single–family residence, not owner occupied 75% 6 (C) Commercial and income–producing properties 65% 7 Single family residentially zoned lot or parcel which (D) 8 has installed offsite improvements including 9 drainage, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, paved roads, and 10 utilities as mandated by the political subdivision 11 having jurisdiction over the lot or parcel 65% 12 Land that has been zoned for (and if required, 13 approved for subdivision as) commercial or 14 residential development 50% 15 (F) Other real property 35%

(2) The percentage amounts specified in paragraph (1) may be exceeded when and to the extent that the broker determines that the encumbrance of the property in excess of these percentages is reasonable and prudent considering all relevant factors pertaining to the real property. However, in no event shall the principal amount of the notes or interests sold, together with the unpaid principal amount of any encumbrances upon the property senior thereto, exceed 80 percent of the current fair market value of improved real property 50 percent of the current fair market value of unimproved real property, except in the case of a single-family zoned lot or parcel as defined in paragraph (1), which shall not exceed 65 percent of the current fair value of that lot or parcel, plus the amount market insured specified in paragraph (1).statement shall be prepared by the broker that sets forth the material considerations and facts that the broker relies upon for his or her determination, which shall be retained as a part of the broker's record of the transaction. Either a copy of the statement or the information contained therein shall be included in the disclosures required pursuant to subdivision (k).

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- (3) A copy of the appraisal or the broker's evaluation shall be delivered to each purchaser. The broker shall advise purchasers of their right to receive a copy. For purposes of this paragraph, "appraisal" means a written estimate of value based upon the assembling, analyzing, and reconciling of facts and value indicators for the real property in question. A broker shall not purport to make an appraisal unless the person so employed is qualified on the basis of special training, preparation, or experience.
- documentation of (h) The the transaction require that (1) a default upon any interest or note is a default upon all interests or notes and (2) the holders of more than 50 percent of the record beneficial interests of 14 the notes or interests may govern the actions to be taken on behalf of all holders in accordance with Section 2941.9 16 of the Civil Code in the event of default or foreclosure for matters that require direction or approval of the holders, including designation of the broker, servicing agent, or other person acting on their behalf, and the sale, 20 encumbrance, or lease of real property owned by the 21 holders resulting from foreclosure or receipt of a deed in lieu of foreclosure. The terms called for by this subdivision may be included in the deed of trust, in the assignment of interests, or in any other documentation as is necessary or appropriate to make them binding on the parties.
- (i) (1) The broker shall not accept any purchase or 27 loan funds or other consideration from a prospective lender or purchaser, or directly or indirectly cause the funds or other consideration to be deposited in an escrow or trust account, except as to a specific loan or note secured by a deed of trust that the broker owns, is authorized to negotiate, or is unconditionally obligated to buy.
- (2) All funds received by the broker from the purchasers or lenders shall be handled in accordance with 36 Section 10145 for disbursement to the persons thereto entitled upon recordation of the interests purchasers or lenders in the note and deed of trust. No provision of this section shall be construed as modifying or superseding applicable law regulating the escrow

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holder in any transaction or the handling of the escrow account.

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- (3) The books and records of the broker or servicing agent, or both, shall be maintained in a manner that readily identifies transactions under this section and the receipt and disbursement of funds in connection with these transactions.
- (4) If required by paragraph (3) of subdivision (j), the review by the independent certified public accountant 10 shall include a sample of transactions, as reflected in the records of the trust account required pursuant paragraph (1) of subdivision (j), and the bank statements 13 and supporting documents. These documents shall be 14 reviewed for compliance with this section with respect to the handling and distribution of funds. The sample shall 16 be selected at random by the accountant from all these transactions and shall consist of the following: (A) three sales made or 5 percent of the sales made pursuant to this section during the period for which the examination is conducted, whichever is greater, and (B) 10 payments processed or 2 percent of payments processed under this 22 exemption section during the period for which the 23 examination is conducted, whichever is greater. The 24 transaction that constitutes a "sale," for purposes of this subdivision, is the series of transactions by which a series of notes of a maker, or the interests in the note of a maker, are sold or issued to their various purchasers under this section, including all receipts and disbursements in that process of funds received from the purchasers or lenders. The transaction that constitutes a "payment," for the 30 purposes of this subdivision, is the receipt of a payment from the person obligated on the note or from some other person on behalf of the person so obligated, including the 34 broker or servicing agent, and the distribution of that 35 payment to the persons entitled thereto. If a payment 36 involves an advance paid by the broker or servicing agent as the result of a dishonored check, the inspection shall identify the source of funds from which the payment was made or, in the alternative, the steps that are reasonably necessary to determine that there was not a disbursement

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The accountant shall inspect for of trust funds. compliance with the following specific provisions of this section: paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (i) and paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (j).

- (5) Within 30 days of the close of the period for which 6 the report is made, or within any additional time as the commissioner may in writing allow in a particular case, the accountant shall forward to the broker or servicing agent, as the case may be, and to the commissioner, the 10 report of the accountant, stating that the inspection was performed in accordance with this section, listing the 12 sales and the payments examined, specifying the nature 13 of the deficiencies, if any, noted by the accountant with 14 respect to each sale or payment, together with any 15 further information as the accountant may wish to 16 include, such as corrective steps taken with respect to any deficiency so noted, or stating that no deficiencies were 17 18 observed. If the broker meets the threshold criteria of Section 10232, the report of the accountant shall be 20 submitted as part of the quarterly reports required under 21 Section 10232.25.
- (i) The notes or interests shall be sold subject to a 23 written agreement that obligates a licensed real estate 24 broker, or a person exempted from the licensing 25 requirement for real estate brokers under Chapter 3 26 (commencing with Section 10130) of Part 1 of Division 4, 27 to act as agent for the purchasers or lenders to service the 28 note or notes and deed of trust, including the receipt and of payments and the institution 30 foreclosure proceedings in the event of a default. A copy of this servicing agreement shall be delivered to each purchaser. The broker shall offer to the lenders or purchasers the services of the broker or one or more 34 affiliates of the broker, or both, as servicing agent for each transaction conducted pursuant to this section. 36 agreement shall require all of the following:
- (1) (A) That payments received on the note or notes 38 be deposited immediately to a trust account maintained in accordance with this section and with the provisions for trust accounts of licensed real estate brokers contained in

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Section 10145 and Article 15 (commencing with Section 2830.1) of Chapter 6 of Title 10 of the California Code of Regulations.

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- deposited (B) That payments pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall not be commingled with the assets of the servicing agent or used for any transaction other than the transaction for which the funds are received.
- (2) That payments received on the note or notes shall 10 be transmitted to the purchasers or lenders pro rata according to their respective interests within 25 days after receipt thereof by the agent. If the source for the payment is not the maker of the note, the agent shall 14 inform the purchasers or lenders of the source for payment. A broker or servicing agent who transmits to 16 the purchaser or lenders the broker's or servicing agent's own funds to cover payments due from the borrower but 18 unpaid as a result of a dishonored check may recover the amount of the advances from the trust fund when the past due payment is received. However, this section does not authorize the broker, servicing agent, or any other person to issue, or to engage in any practice constituting, any guarantee or to engage in the practice of advancing payments on behalf of the borrower.
- (3) If the broker, directly or through an affiliate, is the 26 servicing agent for notes or interests sold pursuant to this section upon which the payments due during any period of three consecutive months in the aggregate exceed one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000) or the 30 number of persons entitled to the payments exceeds 120, the trust account or accounts of that broker or affiliate shall be inspected by an independent certified public accountant at no less than three-month intervals during 34 the time the volume is maintained. Within 30 days after 35 the close of the period for which the review is made, the 36 report of the accountant shall be forwarded as provided in paragraph (5) of subdivision (i). If the broker is 38 required to file an annual report pursuant to subdivision (n) or Section 10232.2, the quarterly report pursuant to this subdivision need not be filed for the last quarter of the

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year for which the annual report is made. For the purposes of this subdivision, an affiliate of a broker is any person controlled by, controlling, or under common control with the broker.

- (4) Unless the servicing agent will receive notice 6 pursuant to Section 2924b of the Civil Code, the servicing agent shall file a request for notice of default upon any prior encumbrances and promptly notify the purchasers or lenders of any default on the prior encumbrances or on 10 the note or notes subject to the servicing agreement.
 - (5) The servicing agent shall promptly forward copies of the following to each purchaser or lender:
 - (A) Any notice of trustee sale filed on behalf of the purchasers or lenders.
- (B) Any request for reconveyance of the deed of trust 16 received on behalf of the purchasers or lenders.
- (k) The broker shall disclose in writing to each 18 purchaser or lender the material facts concerning the transaction on a disclosure form adopted or approved by 20 the commissioner pursuant to Section 10232.5, subject to the following:
- (1) The disclosure form shall include a description of 23 the terms upon which the note and deed of trust are being sold, including the terms of the undivided interests being offered therein, including the following:
 - (A) In the case of the sale of an existing note:
 - (i) The aggregate sale price of the note.
 - (ii) The percent of the premium over or discount from the principal balance plus accrued but unpaid interest.
 - (iii) The effective rate of return to the purchasers if the note is paid according to its terms.
 - (iv) The name and address of the escrow holder for the transaction.
- (v) A description of, and the estimated amount of, 35 each cost payable by the seller in connection with the sale and a description of, and the estimated amount of, each cost payable by the purchasers in connection with the sale.
- 39 (B) In the case of the origination of a note:

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1 (i) The name and address of the escrow holder for the 2 transaction.

(ii) The anticipated closing date.

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- (iii) A description of, and the estimated amount of, 5 each cost payable by the borrower in connection with the loan and a description of, and the estimated amount of, each cost payable by the lenders in connection with the loan.
- (2) A copy of the written statement or information 10 contained therein, as required by paragraph (2) subdivision (g), shall be included in the disclosure form.
- (3) Any interest of the broker or affiliate in the 13 transaction, as described in subdivision (d), shall be 14 included with the disclosure form.
- (4) When the particular circumstances of a transaction 16 make information not specified in the disclosure form material or essential to keep the information provided in from being misleading, and the information is known to the broker, the other information shall also be provided by the broker.
- (1) The broker or servicing agent shall furnish any purchaser of a note or interest, upon request, with the 23 names and addresses of the purchasers of the other notes or interests in the loan.
- (m) No agreement in connection with a transaction 26 covered by this section shall grant to the real estate broker, the servicing agent, or any affiliate of the broker 28 or agent the option or election to acquire the interests of the purchasers or lenders or to acquire the real property 30 securing the interests. This subdivision shall not prohibit the broker or affiliate from acquiring the interests, with the consent of the purchasers or lenders whose interests are being purchased, or the property, with the consent of 34 the purchasers or lenders, if the consent is given at the time of the acquisition.
- (n) Each broker who conducts transactions under this 37 section and meets the criteria of paragraph (3) of subdivision (j) shall file with the commissioner an annual report of a review of its trust account. The report shall be prepared and filed in accordance with subdivision (a) of

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Section 10232.2 and the rules and procedures thereunder of the commissioner. That report shall cover the broker's transactions under this section and, if the broker also meets the threshold criteria set forth in Section 10232, the broker's transactions subject to that section shall be included as well.

- (o) Each broker conducting transactions pursuant to this section who meets the criteria of paragraph (3) of subdivision (j) shall file with the commissioner a report of the transactions that is prepared in accordance with subdivision (c) of Section 10232.2. If the broker also meets the threshold criteria of Section 10232, the report shall include the transactions subject to that section as well. This report shall be confidential pursuant to subdivision 15 (f) of Section 10232.2.
- (p) The iurisdiction of the Commissioner 17 Corporations under the Corporate Securities Law of 1968 18 shall be neither limited nor expanded by this section. 19 Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede or restrict the application of the Corporate Securities Law of 1968. A transaction under this section shall not be 22 construed to be a transaction involving the issuance of securities subject to authorization by the Real Estate Commissioner under subdivision (e) of Section 25100 of the Corporations Code.
 - (q) Nothing in this section shall be construed to change the agency relationships between the parties where they exist or limit in any manner the fiduciary duty of brokers to borrowers, lenders, and purchasers of notes or interests in transactions subject to this section.
- 31 2. Section 10232.2 of the **Business** 32 Professions Code is amended to read:
- 10232.2. A real estate broker who meets the criteria of 34 subdivision (a) of Section 10232 shall annually file the reports referred to in subdivisions (a) and (c) with the 36 Department of Real Estate within 90 days after the end of the broker's fiscal year or within such additional time as the Real Estate Commissioner may allow for filing for good cause:

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(a) The report of a review by a licensed California independent public accountant of trust fund financial statements, conducted in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, which shall include within its scope the following information for the fiscal year relative to the business activities of the broker described in subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 10131:

- (1) The receipt and disposition of all funds of others to be applied to the making of loans and the purchasing of promissory notes or real property sales contracts.
- (2) The receipt and disposition of all funds of others in connection with the servicing by the broker of the accounts of owners of promissory notes and real property sales contracts including installment payments and loan or contract payoffs by obligors.
- (3) A statement as of the end of the fiscal year which shall include an itemized trust fund accounting of the broker and confirmation that the trust funds are on deposit in an account or accounts maintained by the broker in a financial institution.
- (b) A broker who meets the criteria of Section 10232, but who, in carrying on the activities described in subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 10131, has not during a fiscal year, accepted for the benefit of a person to whom the broker is a trustee, any payment or remittance in a form convertible to cash by the broker, need not comply with the provisions of subdivision (a). In lieu thereof, the broker shall submit to the commissioner within 30 days after the end of the broker's fiscal year or, within such additional time as the commissioner may allow for a filing for good cause, a notarized statement under penalty of perjury on a form provided by the department attesting to the fact that the broker did not receive any trust funds in cash or convertible to cash during the fiscal year.
- 35 (c) A report of all of the following aspects of the 36 business conducted by the broker while engaging in 37 activities described in subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 38 10131 and in Section 10131.1:

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(1) Number and aggregate dollar amount of loan, trust deed sales and real property sales contract transactions negotiated.

- (2) Number and aggregate dollar amount of promissory notes and contracts serviced by the broker or an affiliate of the broker.
- (3) Number and aggregate dollar amount of late payment charges, prepayment penalties and other fees or charges collected and retained by the broker under 10 servicing agreements with beneficiaries and obligees.
- (4) Default and foreclosure experience in connection 12 with promissory notes and contracts subject to servicing agreements between the broker and beneficiaries or obligees.
- (5) Commissions received by the broker for services 16 performed as agent in negotiating loans and sales of promissory notes and real property sales contracts.
 - (6) Aggregate costs and expenses as referred to in Section 10241 paid by borrowers to the broker.
- (d) The commissioner shall adopt regulations prescribing the form and content of the report referred to in subdivision (c) with appropriate categories to afford a better understanding of the business conducted by the 24 broker.
- (e) If the broker fails to file either of the reports 26 required under subdivisions (a) and (c) within the time 27 permitted herein, the commissioner may cause 28 examination and report to be made and may charge the 29 broker one and one-half times the cost of making the 30 examination and report. If a broker fails to pay the above 31 amount within 60 days of the mailing of a notice of billing, 32 the commissioner may suspend or revoke the broker's 33 license or deny renewal of the broker's license. The 34 suspension or denial shall remain in effect until the above 35 amount is paid or the broker's right to renew a license has 36 expired. The commissioner may maintain an action for 37 the recovery of the above amount in any court of 38 competent jurisdiction. In determining the cost incurred 39 by the commissioner for conducting an examination and preparing the report, the commissioner may use the

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estimated average hourly cost for all department audit staff performing audits of real estate brokers.

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- (f) The reports referred to in subdivisions (a) and (c) are exempted from any requirement of public disclosure by paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 6254 of the Government Code. The commissioner shall annually make and file as a public record, a composite of the annual reports and any comments thereon which are deemed to be in the public interest.
- SEC. 3. Section 10232.25 of the **Business** Professions Code is amended to read:
- 10232.25. (a) A real estate broker who meets the 13 criteria of subdivision (a) of Section 10232 shall, within 30 14 days after the end of each of the first three fiscal quarters 15 of the broker's fiscal year, or within—such any additional 16 time as the Real Estate Commissioner may allow for good cause, file with the commissioner a trust funds status 18 report as of the last day of the fiscal quarter which shall include the following:
- (1) A representation that the form and content of the 21 trust account records of the broker are in compliance with the regulations of the commissioner.
 - (2) A representation that the broker's trust fund bank account is maintained in compliance with the regulations of the commissioner.
 - (3) A statement of the broker's aggregate accountability for trust funds.
- (4) A report of trust funds in the broker's custody 29 consisting of the trust account bank statements as of the bank's accounting date immediately preceding the end of the fiscal quarter and a schedule of withdrawals and deposits adjusting the account to its true balance as of the end of the fiscal quarter.
- (5) A statement explaining any difference in amount 35 between the broker's total accountability under 36 paragraph (3) above and the adjusted trust account bank balance under paragraph (4) above.
 - (b) Each report made pursuant to subdivision (a) shall include the following:

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- (1) The name, address, and position or capacity of the person who prepared the report.
- (2) A declaration under penalty of perjury by the 4 broker that the information and representations in the report are true, complete, and correct to the best of the broker's knowledge and belief. The declaration in a report submitted on behalf of a corporate broker shall be signed by a broker-officer through whom the corporation is licensed as a real estate broker and by the chief 10 executive officer of the corporation if he or she is not the signing broker-officer.
- (c) If a broker fails to file a report required under permitted, 13 subdivision (a) within the time 14 commissioner may cause an examination and report to be 15 made and may charge the broker one and one-half times 16 the cost of making the examination and report. If a broker 17 fails to pay the above amount within 60 days of the mailing 18 of a notice of billing, the commissioner may suspend or 19 revoke the broker's license or deny renewal of the 20 broker's license. The suspension or denial shall remain in 21 effect until the above amount is paid or the broker's right 22 to renew a license has expired. The commissioner may 23 maintain an action for the recovery of the above amount 24 in any court of competent jurisdiction. In determining 25 the cost incurred by the commissioner for conducting an 26 examination and preparing the report, the commissioner 27 may use the estimated average hourly cost for all department audit staff performing audits of real estate
- (d) A broker who meets the criteria of Section 10232, 31 but who, in carrying on the activities described in subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 10131, did not during a fiscal quarter, accept for the benefit of a person to whom 34 the broker is trustee, any payment or remittance in a 35 form convertible to cash by the broker, need not comply 36 with the provisions of subdivision (a). In lieu thereof, the 37 broker shall submit to the commissioner within 30 days after the end of the fiscal quarter or within such additional time as the commissioner may allow for good cause, a statement under penalty of perjury on a form

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provided by the department attesting to the fact that the broker did not receive any trust funds in cash or convertible to cash during the fiscal quarter.

(e) Any real estate broker who engages in any of the 5 activities specified in subdivision (d) or (e) of Section 6 10131, but who is not required by this section to file trust funds status reports with the commissioner and who is not exempt therefrom under subdivision (d), shall complete trust funds status reports in accordance with either (1) 10 the requirements of subdivisions (a) and (b) applicable to trust funds status reports filed with the commissioner, 12 or (2) the requirements established by the lender or note 13 owner, if the lender or note owner does all of the 14 following: (i) requires monthly reconciliations of trust account balances; requires annual, CPA-audited 15 (ii) 16 financial statements; and (iii) maintains a contractual right to audit the trust accounts held by the broker on 18 behalf of the lender or note owner.

The broker shall retain all trust funds status reports 20 prepared under this subdivision on file at the broker's offices, where they shall be subject to inspection by representatives of the commissioner upon 24 hours' notice.

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10232.5 of the SEC. 4. Section Business and 25 Professions Code is amended to read:

10232.5. (a) If the real estate broker is performing acts described in subdivision (d) of Section 10131 in negotiating a loan to be secured by a lien on real property or on a business opportunity, the statement required to be given to the prospective lender shall include, but shall not necessarily be limited to, the following information:

- (1) Address or other means of identification of the real property that is to be the security for the borrower's obligation.
- (2) Estimated fair market value of the securing 36 property as determined by an appraisal, a copy of which shall be provided to the lender. However, a lender may 38 waive the requirement of an independent appraisal in writing, on a case-by-case basis, in which case, the real estate broker shall provide the broker's written estimated

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fair market value of the securing property, which shall include the objective data upon which the broker's estimate is based.

- (3) Age, size, type of construction and a description of 5 improvements to the property if contained appraisal or as represented to the broker the prospective borrower.
- (4) Identity, occupation, employment, income, credit data about the prospective borrower or borrowers 10 as represented to the broker by the prospective borrower or borrowers.
- (5) Terms of the promissory note to be given to the 13 lender.
- (6) Pertinent information concerning all 15 encumbrances which constitute liens against the securing 16 property and, to the extent of actual knowledge of the 17 broker, pertinent information about other loans that the 18 borrower expects or anticipates will result in a lien being recorded against the property securing the promissory note to be created in favor of the prospective lender.

As used in this paragraph, actual knowledge with 22 respect to any anticipated or expected loan, means 23 knowledge gained by the broker through arranging that 24 other loan or receipt of written notification of that other 25 loan. In this regard, the broker shall also provide to the prospective lender the option to apply to purchase a title 27 insurance policy or an endorsement to an existing title 28 insurance policy covering the securing property, and a copy of a written loan application, and a credit report.

- (7) Provisions for servicing of the loan, if any, including disposition of the late charge and prepayment penalty fees paid by the borrower.
- (8) Detailed information concerning any proposed arrangement under which the prospective lender along with persons not otherwise associated with him or her will 36 be joint beneficiaries or obligees.
 - (9) If the solicitation is subject to the provisions of Section 10231.2, a detailed statement of the intended use and disposition of the funds being solicited including an

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explanation of the nature and extent of the benefits to be directly or indirectly derived by the broker.

(b) If the real estate broker is performing acts 4 described in subdivision (e) of Section 10131 or in Section 10131.1 in negotiating the sale of a real property sales or promissory note secured contract directly collaterally by a lien on real property, the statement required to be given to the prospective purchaser by Section 10232.4 shall include, but shall not necessarily be 10 limited to, the following information:

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- (1) Address or other means of identification of the real property that is the security for the trustor's or vendee's obligation.
- (2) Estimated fair market value of the real property as determined by an appraisal, a copy of which shall be provided to the prospective purchaser. However, a purchaser may waive the requirement of an independent 18 appraisal in writing, on a case-by-case basis, in which case, the real estate broker shall provide the broker's written 20 estimated fair market value of the securing property, 21 which shall include the objective data upon which the broker's estimate is based.
- (3) Age, size, type of construction and a description of 24 improvements to the real property if known by the 25 broker.
- (4) Information available to the broker relative to the 27 ability of the trustor or vendee to meet his or her contractual obligations under the note or contract including the trustor's or vendee's payment history under the note or contract.
 - (5) Terms of the contract or note including the principal balance owing.
- (6) Provisions for servicing of the note or contract, if 34 any, including disposition of late charge, prepayment penalty or other fees or charges paid by the trustor or 36 vendee.
- 37 (7) Detailed information concerning any proposed prospective purchaser 38 arrangement under which the along with persons not otherwise associated with him or her will be joint beneficiaries or obligees. In this regard,

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the broker shall also provide to the prospective purchaser the option to apply to purchase a title insurance policy or an endorsement to an existing title insurance policy covering the real property and, if available from the seller of the note or contract or from the original lender, a copy of a written loan application, and a credit report.

- (8) A statement as to whether the dealer is acting as a principal or as an agent in the transaction with the prospective purchaser.
- SEC. 5. Section 2924g of the Civil Code is amended to 10 11

2924g. (a) All sales of property under the power of 13 sale contained in any deed of trust or mortgage shall be 14 held in the county where the property or some part thereof is situated, and shall be made at auction, to the 16 highest bidder, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. on any business day, Monday through Friday.

The sale shall commence at the time and location 19 specified in the notice of sale. Any postponement shall be 20 announced at the time and location specified in the notice 21 of sale for commencement of the sale or pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (c).

If the sale of more than one parcel of real property has 24 been scheduled for the same time and location by the same trustee, (1) any postponement of any of the sales shall be announced at the time published in the notice of sale, (2) the first sale shall commence at the time published in the notice of sale or immediately after the announcement of any postponement, and (3) subsequent sale shall take place as soon as possible after the preceding sale has been completed.

(b) When the property consists of several known lots 33 or parcels they shall be sold separately unless the deed of 34 trust or mortgage provides otherwise. When a portion of 35 the property is claimed by a third person, who requires 36 it to be sold separately, the portion subject to the claim may be thus sold. The trustor, if present at the sale, may also, unless the deed of trust or mortgage otherwise provides, direct the order in which property shall be sold, when the property consists of several known lots or **— 27 — AB 2284**

parcels which may be sold to advantage separately, and the trustee shall follow that direction. After sufficient property has been sold to satisfy the indebtedness no more can be sold.

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If the property under power of sale is in two or more 6 counties the public auction sale of all of the property under the power of sale may take place in any one of the counties where the property or a portion thereof is located.

(c) (1) There may be a postponement of the sale proceedings at any time prior to the completion of the sale at the discretion of the trustee, or upon instruction by the beneficiary to the trustee that the sale proceedings be postponed.

There may be a maximum of three postponements of 16 the sale proceedings pursuant to this subdivision. In the event that the sale proceedings are postponed more than times, the scheduling of any further proceedings shall be preceded by the giving of a new notice of sale in the manner prescribed by Section 2924f.

- (2) The trustee shall postpone the sale upon the order 22 of any court of competent jurisdiction, or where stayed by operation of law, or by the mutual agreement, whether oral or in writing, of any trustor and any beneficiary or any mortgagor and any mortgagee. Any postponement pursuant to this paragraph shall not be a postponement for purposes of determining the maximum number of postponements permitted pursuant to this subdivision nor shall a postponement resulting from the prohibition 30 upon a sale within seven days from the expiration of an injunction, restraining order, or stay as provided in 32 subdivision (d) be deemed a postponement for purposes of this subdivision. In addition, one postponement by the 34 trustee based upon a reasonable belief that a petition for bankruptcy has been filed shall not be a postponement for purposes of determining the maximum number postponements permitted pursuant to this subdivision.
 - (d) The notice of each postponement and the reason therefor shall be given by public declaration by the trustee at the time and place last appointed for sale. A

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public declaration of postponement shall also set forth the new date, time, and place of sale and the place of sale shall be the same place as originally fixed by the trustee for the sale. No other notice of postponement need be given. However, the sale shall be conducted no sooner than on the seventh day after the earlier of (1) dismissal of the action or (2) expiration or termination of the injunction, restraining order, or stay (which required postponement of the sale), whether by entry of an order by a court of 10 competent jurisdiction, operation of law, or otherwise, unless the injunction, restraining order, or subsequent order expressly directs the conduct of the sale within that 12 seven-day period. For purposes of this subdivision, the 14 seven-day period shall not include the day on which the action is dismissed, or the day on which the injunction, 16 restraining order, or stay expires or is terminated. If the sale had been scheduled to occur, but this subdivision 17 precludes its conduct during that seven-day period, a new notice of postponement shall be given if the sale had been scheduled to occur during that seven-day period. The trustee shall maintain records of each postponement and 21 22 the reason therefor. 23

- (e) Notwithstanding the time periods established 24 under subdivision (d), the sale shall be conducted no sooner than the expiration of a stay granted under Title 11 of the United States Code (Bankruptcy).
- SEC. 6. Section 2924j of the Civil Code is amended to 28 read:
- 2924j. (a) Unless an interpleader action has been 30 filed, within 30 days of the execution of the trustee's deed resulting from a sale in which there are proceeds remaining after payment of the amounts required by 32 paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 34 2924k, the trustee shall send written notice to all persons 35 with recorded interests in the real property as of the date 36 immediately prior to the trustee's sale who would be entitled to notice pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c) of 38 Section 2924b. The notice shall be sent by first-class mail in the manner provided in paragraph (1) of subdivision

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1 (e) of Section 2924b and inform each entitled person of each of the following:

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- (1) That there has been a trustee's sale of the described real property.
- (2) That the noticed person may have a claim to all or 6 a portion of the sale proceeds remaining after payment of the amounts required by paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 2924k.
- (3) The noticed person may contact the trustee at the 10 address provided in the notice to pursue any potential
- (4) That before the trustee can act, the noticed person 13 may be required to present proof that the person holds 14 the beneficial interest in the obligation and the security 15 interest therefor. In the case of a promissory note secured 16 by a deed of trust, proof that the person holds the beneficial interest may include the original promissory and assignment of beneficial interests related thereto. The noticed person shall also submit a written claim to the trustee, executed under penalty of perjury, stating the following:
 - (A) The amount of the claim to the date of trustee's sale.
 - (B) An itemized statement of the principal, interest, and other charges.
 - (C) That claims must be received by the trustee at the address stated in the notice no later than 30 days after the date the trustee sends notice to the potential claimant.
- trustee shall exercise due determine the priority of the written claims received by the trustee to the trustee's sale surplus proceeds from those persons to whom notice was sent pursuant to subdivision (a). In the event there is no dispute as to the priority of the written claims submitted to the trustee, proceeds shall be paid within 30 days after the conclusion 36 of the notice period. If the trustee has failed to determine the priority of written claims within 90 days following the 30-day notice period, then within 10 days thereafter the trustee shall deposit the funds with the clerk of the court pursuant to subdivision (c) or file an interpleader action

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pursuant to subdivision (e). Nothing in this section shall preclude any person from pursuing other remedies or claims as to surplus proceeds.

(c) If, after due diligence, the trustee is unable to 5 determine the priority of the written claims received by the trustee to the trustee's sale surplus of multiple persons or if the trustee determines there is a conflict between potential claimants, the trustee may file a declaration of the unresolved claims and deposit with the clerk of the superior or municipal court, as applicable, of the county in which the sale occurred, that portion of the sales proceeds that cannot be distributed, less any fees charged 13 by the clerk pursuant to this subdivision. The declaration 14 shall specify the date of the trustee's sale, a description of the property, the names and addresses of all persons sent 16 notice pursuant to subdivision (a), a statement that the trustee exercised due diligence pursuant to subdivision 18 (b), that the trustee provided written notice as required by subdivisions (a) and (d) and the amount of the sales 20 proceeds deposited by the trustee with the superior or municipal court. Further, the trustee shall submit a copy of the trustee's sales guarantee and any information relevant to the identity, location, and priority of the potential claimants with the superior or municipal court and shall file proof of service of the notice required by subdivision (d) on all persons described in subdivision (a).

The clerk shall deposit the amount with the county 29 treasurer subject to order of the superior or municipal 30 court upon the application of any interested party. The clerk may charge a reasonable fee for the performance of activities pursuant to this subdivision equal to the fee for an interpleader action pursuant to Article 2 34 (commencing with Section 26820) of Division 2 of Title 35 3 of the Government Code. Upon deposit of that portion 36 of the sale proceeds that cannot be distributed by due diligence, the trustee shall be discharged of further responsibility for the disbursement of sale proceeds. A deposit with the clerk of the superior or municipal court pursuant to this subdivision may be either for the total **— 31 — AB 2284**

proceeds of the trustee's sale, less any fees charged by the clerk, if a conflict or conflicts exist with respect to the total proceeds, or that portion that cannot be distributed after due diligence, less any fees charged by the clerk.

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(d) Before the trustee deposits the funds with the clerk of the court pursuant to subdivision (c), the trustee shall send written notice by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to all persons described in subdivision (a) informing them that the trustee intends to deposit the 10 funds with the clerk of the superior or municipal court, as applicable, and that a claim for the funds must be filed with the court within 30 days from the date of the notice, providing the address of the court in which the funds 14 were deposited, and a phone number for obtaining 15 further information.

Within 90 days after deposit with the clerk, the court shall consider all claims filed at least 15 days before the date on which the hearing is scheduled by the court, the clerk shall serve written notice of the hearing by first-class mail on all claimants identified in the trustees' declaration at the addresses specified therein. The court shall distribute the deposited funds to any and all claimants entitled thereto.

- (e) Nothing in this section restricts the ability of a trustee to file an interpleader action in order to resolve a dispute about the proceeds of a trustee's sale. Once an interpleader been filed, action has thereafter provisions of this section shall not apply.
- (f) "Due diligence," for the purposes of this section means that the trustee researched the written claims submitted or other evidence of conflicts and determined that a conflict of priorities exists between two or more claimants which the trustee is unable to resolve.
- (g) To the extent required by the Unclaimed Property 35 Law, a trustee in possession of surplus proceeds not 36 required to be deposited with the court pursuant to with subdivision (b) shall comply the Unclaimed Property Law (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 1500) of Title 10 of Part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure).

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- (h) Prior to July 1, 2000, the Judicial Council shall adopt a form to accomplish the filing authorized by this 3 section.
- 4 SEC. 7. Section 2941 of the Civil Code is amended to 5 read:
- 2941. (a) Within 30 days after any mortgage has been satisfied, the mortgagee or the assignee of the mortgagee shall execute a certificate of the discharge thereof, as provided in Section 2939, and shall record or cause to be 10 recorded, except as provided in subdivision (c), in the 11 office of the county recorder in which the mortgage is 12 recorded. The mortgagee shall then deliver, upon the 13 written request of the mortgagor or the mortgagor's 14 heirs, successors, or assignees, as the case may be, the 15 original note and mortgage to the person making the 16 request.
- (b) (1) When the obligation secured by any deed of 18 trust has been satisfied, the beneficiary or the assignee of 19 the beneficiary shall execute and deliver to the trustee 20 the original note, deed of trust, request for a full reconveyance, and other documents as may be necessary to reconvey, or cause to be reconveyed, the deed of trust.
- (A) The trustee shall execute the full reconveyance 24 and shall record or cause it to be recorded, except as provided in subdivision (c), in the office of the county 26 recorder in which the deed of trust is recorded within 21 27 calendar days after receipt by the trustee of the original 28 note, deed of trust, request for a full reconveyance, the fee that may be charged pursuant to subdivision (e) (f), 30 recorder's fees, and other documents as may be necessary to reconvey, or cause to be reconveyed, the deed of trust.
- (B) The trustee shall deliver a copy 33 reconveyance to the beneficiary, its successor in interest, 34 or its servicing agent, if known.
- (C) Following execution and recordation of the full 36 reconveyance, upon receipt of a written request by the trustor or the trustor's heirs, successors, or assignees, the 38 trustee shall then deliver the original note and deed of trust to the person making that request.

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- (2) If the trustee has failed to execute and record, or cause to be recorded, the full reconveyance within 60 calendar days of satisfaction of the obligation, beneficiary, upon receipt of a written request by the trustor or trustor's heirs, successor in interest, agent, or assignee, shall execute and acknowledge a document pursuant to Section 2934a substituting itself or another as trustee and issue a full reconveyance.
- (3) If a full reconveyance has not been executed and 10 recorded pursuant to either paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) within 75 calendar days of satisfaction of the obligation, then a title insurance company may prepare and record a release of the obligation. However, at least 10 days prior to the issuance and recording of a full release pursuant to this paragraph, the title insurance company 16 shall mail by first-class mail with postage prepaid, the 17 intention to release the obligation to the trustee, trustor, and beneficiary of record, or their successor in interest of record, at the last known address.
 - (A) The release shall set forth all of the following:
 - (i) The name of the beneficiary.

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- (ii) The name of the trustor.
- (iii) The recording reference to the deed of trust.
- (iv) A recital that the obligation secured by the deed 25 of trust has been paid in full.
 - (v) The date and amount of payment.
 - (B) The release issued pursuant to this subdivision shall be entitled to recordation and, when recorded, shall be deemed to be the equivalent of a reconveyance of a deed of trust.
 - (4) Where an obligation secured by a deed of trust was paid in full prior to July 1, 1989, and no reconveyance has been issued and recorded by October 1, 1989, then a release of obligation as provided for in paragraph (3) may be issued.
- 36 (5) Paragraphs (2) and (3) do not excuse the trustee 37 beneficiary or the from compliance with Paragraph 38 paragraph (1). (3) does not excuse the 39 beneficiary from compliance with paragraph (2).

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(6) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, a title insurance company preparing or recording the release of the obligation shall be liable to any party for damages, including attorneys' fees, which any person may sustain by reason of the issuance and recording of the release, pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4).

- (c) The mortgagee or trustee shall not record or cause the certificate of discharge or full reconveyance to be recorded when any of the following circumstances exists:
- (1) The mortgagee or trustee has received written instructions to the contrary from the mortgagor 12 trustor, or the owner of the land, as the case may be, or 13 from the owner of the obligation secured by the deed of 14 trust or his or her agent, or escrow.
- (2) The certificate of discharge or full reconveyance is 16 to be delivered to the mortgagor or trustor, or the owner of the land, as the case may be, through an escrow to 18 which the mortgagor, trustor, or owner is a party.
- (3) When the personal delivery is not for the purpose 20 of causing recordation and when the certificate of discharge or full reconveyance is be personally to delivered with receipt acknowledged by the mortgagor or trustor or owner of the land, as the case may be, or their agent if authorized by mortgagor or trustor or owner of 25 the land.
- (d) As used in this section, the phrases "cause it to be 27 recorded" and "cause to be recorded" shall include, but 28 not be limited to, depositing in the United States mail 29 with first-class postage prepaid a deed 30 reconveyance in recordable form together with 31 required fees in an envelope addressed to the county 32 recorder's office of the county in which the deed of trust 33 is recorded. Compliance with this subdivision shall entitle 34 the trustee to the presumptions set forth in Sections 641 and 642 of the Evidence Code.
- (e) The violation of this section shall make the violator 37 liable to the person affected by the violation for all damages which that person may sustain by reason of the violation, and shall require that the violator forfeit to that person the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300).

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However, a trustee acting in accordance with subdivision (c) shall not be deemed a violator for purposes of this subdivision.

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- (f) (1) The trustee, beneficiary, or mortgagee may 6 charge a reasonable fee to the trustor or mortgagor, or the owner of the land, as the case may be, for all services involved in the preparation, execution, and recordation of the full reconveyance, including, but not limited to, 10 document preparation and forwarding services rendered to effect the full reconveyance, and, in addition, may collect official fees. This fee may be made payable no earlier than the opening of a bona fide escrow or no more 14 than 60 days prior to the full satisfaction of the obligation secured by the deed of trust or mortgage.
 - (2) If the fee charged pursuant to this subdivision does not exceed sixty-five dollars (\$65), the fee is conclusively presumed to be reasonable.
- (3) If a fee is charged pursuant to this subdivision, the 20 fee shall be held in escrow until the reconveyance has been executed and recorded.

(f)

- (g) For purposes of this section, "original" 24 include an optically imaged reproduction the following requirements are met:
 - (1) The trustee receiving the request for executing the reconveyance and reconveyance provided in subdivision (b) is an affiliate or subsidiary of the beneficiary or an affiliate or subsidiary of the assignee of the beneficiary, respectively.
- (2) The optical image storage media used to store the 32 document shall be nonerasable write once, read many (WORM) optical image media that does not allow 34 changes to the stored document.
- 35 (3) The optical image reproduction shall be made 36 consistent with the minimum standards of quality approved by either the National Institute of Standards and Technology or the Association for Information and Image Management.

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- identifying (4) Written authentication the optical image reproduction as an unaltered copy of the note, deed of trust, or mortgage shall be stamped or printed on the optical image reproduction.
- SEC. 8. Section 2943 of the Civil Code is amended to 5 6 read:
 - 2943. (a) As used in this section:

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- (1) "Beneficiary" means a mortgagee or beneficiary of a mortgage or deed of trust, or his or her assignees.
- (2) "Beneficiary statement" means written statement showing:
- (A) The amount of the unpaid balance of 13 obligation secured by the mortgage or deed of trust and 14 the interest rate, together with the total amounts, if any, 15 of all overdue installments of either principal or interest, 16 or both.
 - (B) The amounts of periodic payments, if any.
- (C) The date on which the obligation is due in whole 18 19 or in part.
- (D) The date to which real estate taxes and special 21 assessments have been paid to the extent the information is known to the beneficiary.
- (E) The amount of hazard insurance in effect and the 24 term and premium of that insurance to the extent the 25 information is known to the beneficiary.
- (F) The amount in an account, if any, maintained for 27 the accumulation of funds with which to pay taxes and 28 insurance premiums.
 - (G) The nature and, if known, the amount of any additional charges, costs, or expenses paid or incurred by the beneficiary which have become a lien on the real property involved.
- (H) Whether the obligation secured by the mortgage 34 or deed of trust can or may be transferred to a new 35 borrower.
- (3) "Delivery" means depositing or causing to be 36 37 deposited in the United States mail an envelope with postage prepaid, containing a copy of the document to be delivered, addressed to the person whose name and address is set forth in the demand therefor.

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document may also be transmitted by facsimile machine to the person whose name and address is set forth in the demand therefor.

(4) "Entitled person" means the trustor or mortgagor 5 of, or his or her successor in interest in, the mortgaged or trust property or any part thereof, any beneficiary under a deed of trust, any person having a subordinate lien or encumbrance of record thereon, the escrow holder licensed as an agent pursuant to Division 6 (commencing 10 with Section 17000) of the Financial Code, or the party exempt by virtue of Section 17006 of the Financial Code who is acting as the escrow holder.

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- (5) "Payoff demand statement" means 14 statement, prepared in response to a written demand made by an entitled person or authorized agent, setting 16 forth the amounts required as of the date of preparation by the beneficiary, to fully satisfy all obligations secured 18 by the loan that is the subject of the payoff demand statement. The written statement shall 20 information reasonably necessary to calculate the payoff amount on a per diem basis for the period of time, not to exceed 30 days, during which the per diem amount is not changed by the terms of the note.
- (b) (1) A beneficiary, or his or her authorized agent, 25 shall, within 21 days of the receipt of a written demand by an entitled person or his or her authorized agent, prepare and deliver to the person demanding it a true, correct, and complete copy of the note or other evidence of indebtedness with any modification thereto. beneficiary statement.
- (2) A request pursuant to this subdivision may be 32 made by an entitled person or his or her authorized agent at any time before, or within two months after, the recording of a notice of default under a mortgage or deed of trust, or may otherwise be made more than 30 days prior to the entry of the decree of foreclosure.
- (c) A beneficiary, or his or her authorized agent, shall, 38 on the written demand of an entitled person, or his or her authorized agent, prepare and deliver a payoff demand statement to the person demanding it within 21 days of

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the receipt of the demand. However, if the loan is subject to a recorded notice of default or a filed complaint commencing a judicial foreclosure, the beneficiary shall have no obligation to prepare and deliver this statement as prescribed unless the written demand is received prior to the first publication of a notice of sale or the notice of the first date of sale established by a court.

- (d) (1) A beneficiary statement or payoff demand statement may be relied upon by the entitled person or 10 his or her authorized agent in accordance with its terms, including with respect to the payoff demand statement 12 reliance for the purpose of establishing the amount 13 necessary to pay the obligation in full. If the beneficiary 14 notifies the entitled person or his or her authorized agent of any amendment to the statement, then the amended 16 statement may be relied upon by the entitled person or his or her authorized agent as provided in this subdivision.
- (2) If notification of any amendment to the statement 19 is not given in writing, then a written amendment to the statement shall be delivered to the entitled person or his or her authorized agent no later than the next business day after notification.
- (3) Upon the dates specified in subparagraphs (A) and 24 (B) any sums that were due and for any reason not 25 included in the statement or amended statement shall continue to be recoverable by the beneficiary as an unsecured obligation of the obligor pursuant to the terms of the note and existing provisions of law.
- (A) If the transaction is voluntary, the entitled party 30 or his or her authorized agent may rely upon the statement or amended statement upon the earlier of (i) the close of escrow, (ii) transfer of title, or (iii) recordation of a lien.
- (B) If the loan is subject to a recorded notice of default 35 or a filed complaint commencing a judicial foreclosure, 36 the entitled party or his or her authorized agent may rely upon the statement or amended statement upon the acceptance of the last and highest bid at a trustee's sale or a court supervised sale.

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(e) The following provisions apply to a demand for either a beneficiary statement or a payoff statement:

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- (1) Where—If an entitled person or his or her authorized agent requests a statement pursuant to this section and does not specify a beneficiary statement or a payoff demand statement the beneficiary shall treat the request as a request for a payoff demand statement.
- (2) Where—If the entitled person the entitled authorized agent includes 10 person's in the written demand a specific request for a copy of the deed of trust 12 or mortgage, it shall be furnished with the written statement at no additional charge.
- (3) The beneficiary may, before delivering require reasonable proof that the person 15 statement. 16 making the demand is, in fact, an entitled person or an authorized agent of an entitled person, in which event 18 the beneficiary shall not be subject to the penalties of this section until 21 days after receipt of the proof herein 20 provided for. A statement in writing signed by the 21 entitled person appointing an authorized agent when 22 delivered personally to the beneficiary or delivered by registered return receipt mail shall constitute reasonable proof as to the identity of an agent. Similar delivery of a 25 policy of title insurance, preliminary report issued by a 26 title company, original or photographic copy of a grant or certified copy of letters testamentary, guardianship, conservatorship shall or constitute 29 reasonable proof as to the identity of a successor in 30 interest, provided the person demanding a statement is named as successor in interest in the document.
- (4) If a beneficiary for a period of 21 days after receipt 33 of the written demand willfully fails to prepare and 34 deliver the statement, he or she is liable to the entitled person for all damages which he or she may sustain by 36 reason of the refusal and, whether or not actual damages are sustained, he or she shall forfeit to the entitled person 38 the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300). Each failure to prepare and deliver the statement, occurring at a time when, pursuant to this section, the beneficiary is required

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to prepare and deliver the statement, creates a separate cause of action, but a judgment awarding an entitled person a forfeiture, or damages and forfeiture, for any 4 failure to prepare and deliver a statement bars recovery of damages and forfeiture for any other failure to prepare and deliver a statement, with respect to the same obligation, in compliance with a demand therefor made within six months before or after the demand as to which the award was made. For the purposes of this subdivision, 10 "willfully" means an intentional failure to comply with the requirements of this section without just cause or 12 excuse.

- (5) If the beneficiary has more than one branch, office, 14 or other place of business, then the demand shall be made 15 to the branch or office address set forth in the payment 16 billing notice or payment book, and the statement, unless it specifies otherwise, shall be deemed to apply only to the 18 unpaid balance of the single obligation named in the 19 request and secured by the mortgage or deed of trust 20 which is payable at the branch or office whose address appears on the aforesaid billing notice or payment book.
- 22 (6) The beneficiary may make a charge not to exceed 23 sixty dollars (\$60) for furnishing each required statement. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to 25 mortgages or deeds of trust insured by the Federal 26 Housing Administrator or guaranteed Administrator of Veterans Affairs.
 - (f) The preparation and delivery of a beneficiary statement or a payoff demand statement pursuant to this section shall not change a date of sale established pursuant to Section 2924g.
 - SEC. 9. Section 17320 of the Financial Code is amended to read:
- 34 17320. Fidelity Corporation shall establish 35 maintain the following funds for payment of claims and 36 for payment of costs of administration: the membership fund, the operations fund, and the fidelity fund. 37
- 38 (a) An applicant or a licensee shall, at the time an application is filed for a license, pay to Fidelity Corporation a membership fee of three thousand dollars

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1 (\$3,000) for each location for which a license is applied. 2 If the application is denied, withdrawn, or abandoned, Fidelity Corporation may retain two hundred dollars (\$200) from the membership fee to cover costs of 5 administration.

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- (1) The membership fund shall be reserved for payment of claims which exceed the fidelity fund balance and for payment of extraordinary operational costs.
- (2) Any member who, on the effective date of this 10 section, has an account balance which exceeds the three thousand dollars (\$3,000) membership fee times the number of its licensed locations shall be credited in a special reserve account for the excess amount. This balance shall be credited against future assessments made pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 17321 in an amount 16 not exceeding four hundred dollars (\$400) per licensed location per year. Any member whose account balance is 18 less than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) times the number of its licensed locations shall, on or before December 1, 1988, pay to Fidelity Corporation an amount sufficient to allow the member's account maintained at three thousand dollars (\$3,000) times the number of licensed locations. Fidelity Corporation shall provide each member with an accounting of the amounts being reserved for the members' membership account and amounts being held as a special reserve.
 - (3) The membership fee, less any unpaid assessments and related costs, shall be refunded to the member in accordance with Fidelity Corporation's bylaws not less than 30 months and no more than 36 months after the effective date of surrender of a license.
- (4) Any member who does not engage in escrow transactions pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 17312 34 may terminate its membership in Fidelity Corporation by 35 written notice to *Fidelity* Corporation 36 Department of Corporations, as provided in the Fidelity Corporation's bylaws and rules and regulations. The 38 membership fee, less any unpaid assessments and related costs, shall be refunded to the member in accordance with Fidelity Corporation's bylaws not less than 30

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1 months and no more than 36 months after the effective date of the member's written request to terminate its 3 membership in Fidelity Corporation. If the licensee 4 thereafter resumes those escrow transactions, it shall be 5 required reapply for *Fidelity* to Corporation 6 membership, as provided in this subdivision.

- (b) Fidelity Corporation shall prepare, prior to its fiscal year end, an estimated annual operational budget projecting the costs of operations and administration for 10 the succeeding fiscal year, excluding the amount paid for claims and premiums paid for excess coverage bonding. The amount of the assessment shall be 150 percent of the 12 13 budgetary projection. In succeeding 14 assessment shall be adjusted by adding the prior year's deficit or deducting unused surplus from the prior year.
- (c) Fidelity Corporation shall establish a fidelity fund for the payment of claims and for the payment of the 18 premium for the fidelity bond or insurance policy, if any. All claims shall be paid from the fidelity fund, provided 20 that, to the extent that the fidelity fund balance is not sufficient to pay claims, the claim shall be paid from the membership fund by charging each member's membership account a pro rata share of the excess.
- (d) All interest earned on the membership fund and 25 the operations fund shall be credited to the fidelity fund.
 - SEC. 10. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.